

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/485,533	06/09/2000	EUGENIE CHARRIERE	004900-172	2035
7590 02/22/2006			EXAMINER	
BURNS DOANE SWECKER & MATHIS PO BOX 1404			SERGENT, RABON A	
	, VA 22313-1404		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		1711	

DATE MAILED: 02/22/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				D
	-	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Commons		09/485,533	CHARRIERE ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	•
		Rabon Sergent	1711	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Donsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or the toreply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1)⊠ 2a)□ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 D</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Dispositi	ion of Claims			
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicati 9)□ 10)□	Claim(s) 39-47,52-54,56-63,66,67 and 69-76 is 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) 59-62,66,67 and 69-76 is/are allowed Claim(s) 39-47,52-54,56-58 and 63 is/are reject Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or ion Papers The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accord Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration. cted. r election requirement. er. epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the education is required in the education is required i	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in Proceived in Pro	on Ño ed in this National Stage	
2) 🔲 Notice 3) 🔲 Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05) 1. In view of the necessity of applying newly discovered prior art, prosecution on the merits has been reopened, and the finality of the Office action of April 20, 2005 has been withdrawn.

The amendment of December 2, 2005 has been entered.

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

3. Claims 39-47 and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Muller et al. ('171).

Patentees disclose at column 3, lines 31-36 that dimerization of polyisocyanates may be performed in the absence of a catalyst by heating to temperatures of 120°C to 150°C. Patentees further disclose that aliphatic diisocyanates, such as hexamethylene diisocyanate, may be dimerized. See column 4, lines 20+.

4. Patentees are silent regarding applicants' claimed time frame, temperature gradient, and the removal of isocyanate monomers; however, the position is taken that each of the features

Application/Control Number: 09/485,533

Art Unit: 1711

amounts to an obvious modification that would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. With respect to applicants' claimed time frame, the position is taken that adjusting the heating time amounts to the obvious optimization of a result effective variable, since, at a given temperature, one would have expected that conversion and the degree of ring cleavage is dependent upon reaction time. With respect to applicants' claimed temperature gradient, the position is taken that one would have been motivated to decrease the temperature as the reaction progressed, so as to decrease the cleavage of the uretdione groups. With respect to removal of the unreacted isocyanate monomers, such a practice has long been known as a means of decreasing the toxicity of the isocyanate composition; therefore, the removal of unwanted isocyanate monomers by such means as distillation would have been obvious.

Page 3

5. Claims 52-54 and 56-58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wolff et al. ('207), each in view of Muller et al. ('171).

Wolff et al. disclose the production of low viscosity polyisocyanate compositions, wherein uretdione group containing polyisocyanates are modified by combining them with isocyanurates and by reacting them with alcohols to yield urethane-modified polyisocyanate compositions. Though Wolff et al. fail to disclose the production of the uretdiones in the absence of a catalyst, the reference serves to broadly teach how to formulate low viscosity polyisocyanates using uretdione compounds.

6. Given the teachings of Muller et al., the position is taken that it would have been obvious to utilize the catalyst-free method of Muller et al. to produce uretdiones, suitable for use in the primary reference, *in situ* or prior to combination with the other components. Furthermore, the position is taken that it would have been obvious to vary the sequence of addition or reaction,

Art Unit: 1711

since such a modification would have amounted to an obvious process design choice or selection. It has been held that the selection of any order of performing process steps is *prima* facie obvious in the absence of new or unexpected results. In re Burhans, 154 F.2d 690, 69 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1946). Lastly, given the structural similarities between the disclosed allophanate groups of Wolff et al. and biuret groups, the position is taken that it would have been additionally obvious to incorporate biuret groups into the composition of the primary reference.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone number (571) 272-1079.

rabon sergent Primary examiner

Page 4

R. Sergent February 21, 2006